GUIDANCE STATEMENT ON VERIFICATION

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GIPS GUIDANCE STATEMENT ON VERIFICATION

Introduction
This Guidance Statement supplements the verification procedures outlined in Chapter IV of the Global Investment Performance Standards (GIPS®) and provides additional guidance to verifiers and investment management firms. Verification is a process by which a verifier assesses whether the firm has complied with all the composite construction requirements of the GIPS standards on a firm-wide basis, and the firm’s policies and procedures are designed to calculate and present performance in compliance with the GIPS standards. The GIPS standards recommend that firms be verified.

Verifier Qualification Requirements
The verification must be performed by a “verifier” with appropriate professional abilities and experience, and a practical level of expertise regarding investment management practices, including performance calculation procedures and business processes. Verifiers must be knowledgeable about the GIPS standards and must understand all the requirements and recommendations of the GIPS standards, including any updates, Guidance Statements, interpretations, Questions & Answers (Q&As), and clarifications published by CFA Institute and the GIPS Executive Committee, which are available on the GIPS standards website (www.gipsstandards.org) as well as in the GIPS Handbook. Verifiers must also be knowledgeable of applicable laws and regulations regarding the calculation and presentation of performance.

The verification must be performed by a verifier who is independent of the investment management firm. Verifiers must maintain fairness and independence at all times when performing procedures to evaluate a firm’s claim of compliance as well as in expressing their opinion in the verification report. Please see the Guidance Statement on Verifier Independence for additional guidance.

Verifiers generally comprise auditing, consulting, and other firms that have a high degree of knowledge regarding the investment management industry. Verifiers must follow currently accepted standards of practice within their industry (if applicable) when performing a verification pursuant to the GIPS standards.

The GIPS standards do not include additional qualification requirements to conduct a verification.

Knowledge of Firm Policies
Verifiers must understand the firm’s policies and procedures for establishing and maintaining compliance with all applicable requirements and adopted recommendations of the GIPS standards. The verifier must obtain a copy of the firm’s policies and procedures used in establishing and maintaining compliance with the GIPS standards and ensure that all applicable policies and procedures are properly included and adequately documented. The verifier must also ensure that the policies and procedures are clear, unambiguous, and consistent with the GIPS standards and meet any applicable
requirements of the GIPS standards. For example, verifiers must understand the firm’s policies and procedures with regard to, but not limited to, the following items:

- Investment discretion. The verifier must obtain a copy of the firm’s definition of investment discretion and the firm’s guidelines for determining whether portfolios are discretionary;
- Definition of composite according to investment strategy. The verifier must obtain the firm’s list of composite definitions with criteria for assignment of portfolios in each composite;
- Timing of inclusion of new portfolios in the composites;
- Timing of exclusion of closed portfolios in the composites;
- Accrual of interest and dividend income;
- Treatment of fees;
- Valuation of portfolio investments, including policies for determination of fair value;
- Computing the rates of return for each portfolio;
- Handling of cash flows (assumptions on the timing of capital inflows/outflows and handling of large and, where applicable, significant cash flows);
- Computing composite returns;
- Error correction;
- Presentation of composite returns;
- Use of leverage, derivatives and short positions;
- Maintenance of books and records supporting the calculation of portfolio and composite returns, including the existence and ownership of client assets;
- Selection, construction and calculation of composite benchmarks; and
- Any other policies and procedures relevant to performance presentation.

Sampling
Verifiers may use a sampling methodology when performing verification procedures. The size of the sample will vary based on the verifier’s judgment. Not only must the verifier determine the appropriate sample size, but the verifier must also determine if the sample selected is reasonable considering the firm’s specific circumstances. Please see Chapter IV of the GIPS standards for further requirements on sample selection.

Using the Work of Other Verifiers and Independent Third Parties
The GIPS standards state that a principal verifier may accept the work of another verifier as part of the basis for the principal verifier’s opinion. For example, when a firm engaged in global asset management services undertakes verification on a worldwide basis, including local offices/branches, the principal verifier may use the results of work performed for a local office/branch by another verifier. Similarly, when another verifier has already performed a verification, the current verifier may choose to accept the work of the previous verifier. A principal verifier may also choose to rely on the audit and/or internal control work of a qualified and reputable independent third party with appropriate professional abilities and experience, and a practical level of expertise regarding investment management practices, including performance calculation procedures and business processes. This third party must be knowledgeable about the
GIPS standards and must understand all the applicable requirements and recommendations of the GIPS standards, including any updates, Guidance Statements, interpretations, Questions & Answers (Q&As), and clarifications published by CFA Institute and the GIPS Executive Committee, which are available on the GIPS standards website (www.gipsstandards.org) as well as in the *GIPS Handbook*. This third party must also be knowledgeable of applicable laws and regulations regarding the calculation and presentation of performance. In addition, a principal verifier may choose to rely on the other audit and/or internal control work performed by the verifier.

**Representation Letter**

Prior to expressing an opinion, the verifier must obtain from the management of the firm a representation letter including confirmation that policies and procedures used in establishing and maintaining compliance with the GIPS standards are as described in the firm’s policies and procedures documents and have been consistently applied throughout the period(s) being verified. The representation letter must also include confirmation that the firm complies with the GIPS standards for the period(s) being verified and any other relevant representations made to the verifier during verification. Typically, the representation letter will include the following representations:

- The firm’s policies and procedures for establishing and maintaining compliance with the GIPS standards are properly described in the firm’s GIPS policies and procedures documents;
- The firm’s policies and procedures for establishing and maintaining compliance with the GIPS standards have been consistently applied throughout the period being verified;
- The firm is in compliance with the GIPS standards on a firm-wide basis;
- The firm’s management bears all responsibility for maintaining compliance with the GIPS standards, including production and distribution of all compliant presentations;
- The compliant presentations are a fair and honest representation of the firm’s investment performance;
- The firm has not knowingly presented performance or performance-related information that is false or misleading;
- The firm has provided the verifier with all necessary documents to be able to perform the verification and no relevant documents have been withheld;
- The time period the verifiers are reporting on;
- The firm complies with all applicable laws and regulations regarding the calculation and presentation of performance; and
- No events that would materially influence performance results or the outcome of the verification have occurred up to the date of the representation letter.

**GIPS Verification Report**

The verification report must opine that:

1. The firm has complied with all the composite construction requirements of the GIPS standards on a firm-wide basis, and
2. The firm’s policies and procedures are designed to calculate and present performance in compliance with the GIPS standards.

The following information is also required to be included in the verification report:

- The report title;
- The report date;
- The report addressee;
- The defined firm for which the verification has been performed;
- The period(s) for which the verification has been performed;
- The respective responsibilities of the firm’s management and of the verifier, including a statement acknowledging the responsibility of the firm for the claim of compliance;
- A statement to the effect that verification has been performed in accordance with the required verification procedures of the GIPS standards;
- A statement indicating that verification does not ensure the accuracy of any specific composite presentation;
- A statement describing any other professional guidance that has been applied (e.g., AICPA, IAASB, ICAEW, JICPA guidance); and
- The signature or official seal of the verifier.

In addition to the required content, the verifier’s opinion may also include additional information, as appropriate, to make the context of the particular verification work clear.

Without such a report from the verifier, the firm must not state that it has been verified.

If the verifier concludes that the firm is not in compliance with the GIPS standards or that the records of the firm cannot support a verification, the verifier must issue a statement to the firm clarifying why a verification report could not be issued.

**Recommendation Letter**

After the verification is complete, it is recommended that verifiers issue a recommendation letter to the firm describing specific findings, recommendations or other areas of improvement arising from the verification.

**Performance Examinations of Compliant Presentations**

A verification does not have the objective of examining specific performance results presented. To accomplish that objective, a firm may also choose to have a specifically focused performance examination of a particular composite’s compliant presentation. A performance examination is not required for a firm to be verified.

Please see the Guidance Statement on Performance Examinations for specific guidance.

**Effective Date**

This Guidance Statement was originally effective 13 March 2002 and was initially revised to reflect the changes to the GIPS standards effective as of 1 January 2006.
Subsequent revisions made to this guidance were made to coincide with the effective date of the 2010 edition of the GIPS standards, which is 1 January 2011. Verifiers must conduct their verification engagements in accordance with this Guidance Statement for all verifications contracted on or after 1 January 2011 or prior to 1 January 2011 if the investment management firm has adopted the 2010 edition of the GIPS standards. The contract date is typically evidenced by the date of the engagement letter signed by management of both the verifier and the investment management firm. Verifiers may also voluntarily conduct their verification engagements in accordance with this Guidance Statement prior to 1 January 2011 and are encouraged to do so. Prior versions of this Guidance Statement are available on the GIPS standards website (www.gipsstandards.org).